

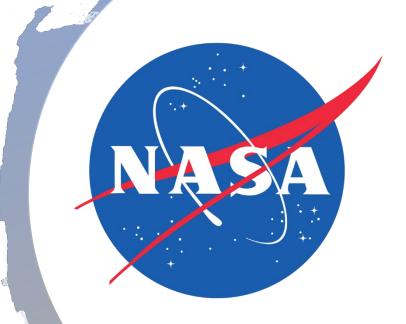






Integrating NASA and USFS Datasets for a High-Resolution Annual Forest Carbon Monitoring System

By: Alex Rudee, World Resources Institute



About Me



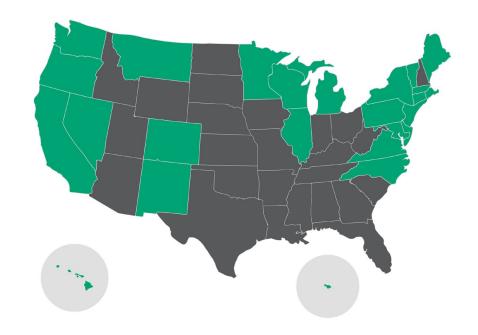
Alex Rudee Associate, Carbon Removal World Resources Institute



Partnering with US Climate Alliance (24 states) to improve GHG inventories for natural and working lands



Team led by George Hurtt, University of Maryland (Science Team lead for NASA CMS)



The Idea

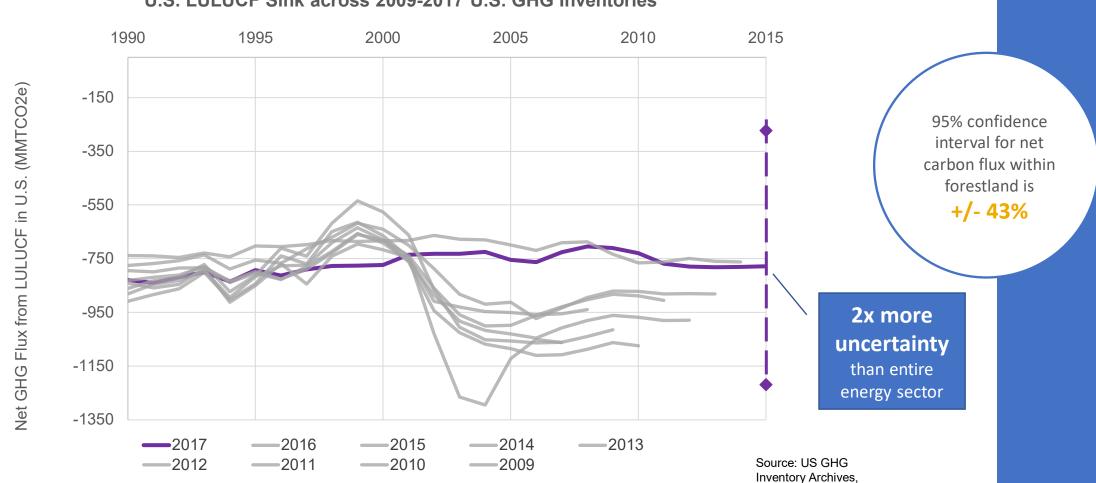
National High-Resolution Annual Forest Carbon Monitoring System

- Brings together core assets from USFS and NASA to create a new breed of GHG inventory for trees & forests
 - Functions across multiple spatial and temporal scales
 - Covers land base wall-to-wall
 - Attributes causes of carbon stock changes
- Builds on a successful ongoing partnership between University of Maryland and USFS

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Uncertainty in Annual Carbon Stock Change

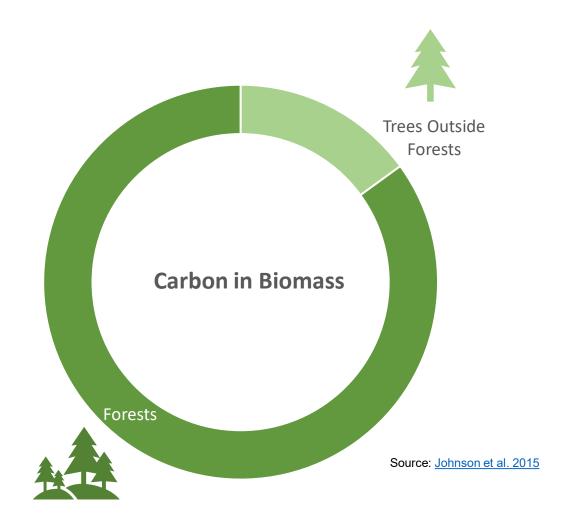
U.S. LULUCF Sink across 2009-2017 U.S. GHG Inventories



courtesy of Rick Duke

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Incomplete Coverage of Carbon Stocks



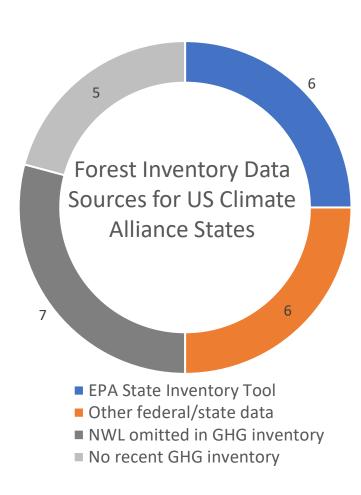
Trees outside forests hold at least 15% of carbon in biomass but aren't systematically included in FIA

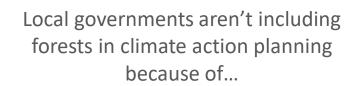
Limitations for Forest Planning

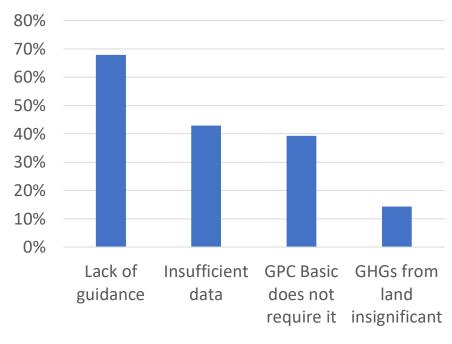
- Remeasurement cycles of 7-10 years blend disturbance impacts across time
- Plot-based statistical estimation obscures spatial distribution of carbon dynamics within a forest
- Modeling for future planning is not integrated into inventory methodology

FIA has limited capacity to inform **forest carbon management** on its own

Limitations for State & Local GHG Inventories







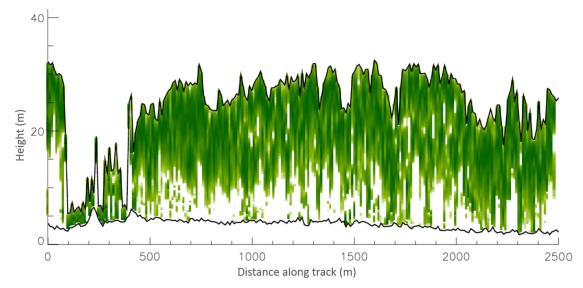
Most states and cities do not track carbon in trees & forests due to insufficient or unreliable data

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Source: Donna Lee, Rich Birdsey, Nancy Harris

Earth Observation Tools

Leveraging NASA Data Sources



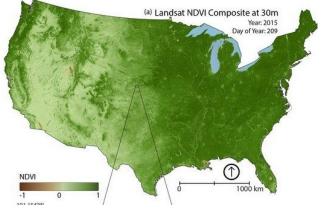




Image from GEDI

LIDAR (e.g. GEDI):
Baseline data on forest cover and structure

Image from Robinson et al. 2017

Optical Imagery (e.g. Landsat): Data on forest cover gain and loss updated in near real time

The Solution

Integrate NASA and USFS data products to create a **high-resolution spatial inventory** of carbon stock changes in trees & forests that will complement current USFS tools by:

- Enhancing the spatial coverage and resolution of current inventory methods
- Providing consistent products for annual monitoring and future planning
- Attributing causes of carbon stock change to inform land management and policy
- Making products available at multiple scales, from local to national (or global)





Alex Rudee

alexander.rudee@wri.org

